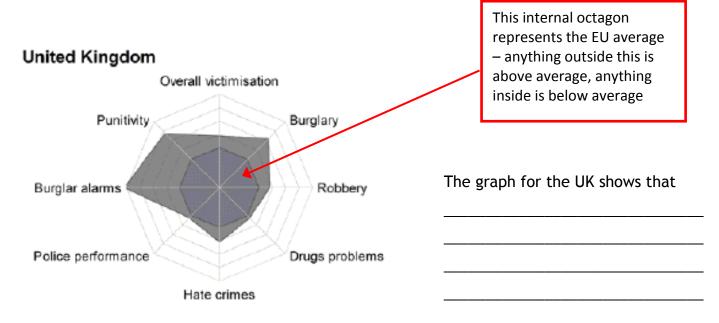


## **Comparing countries**

The following graphs are 8-sided 'radar graphs' - each side shows a different crime 'indicator'. They show deviation from the EU average - a perfect octagon shape in the middle section would show that a country is 'average' by EU standards. If the profile 'leans' towards a particular side, it indicates that there is a problem in that area. You should focus on 'Hate crime' at the bottom and you are going to compare the graphs from 5 countries...



France Overall vio	timisation	
Punitivity	Burglary	
//>	<b>X</b> ()	The graph for France shows that
Burglar alarms	Robbery	
Police performance	Drugs problems	
Hate o	primes	

## Germany

## Punitivity Burglar alarms Robbery Police performance Drugs problems Hate crimes

The graph for Germany shows that	

Italy
Overall victimisation
Punitivity Burglary
Burglar alarms Robbery
Police performance Drugs problems
Hate crimes

The graph for Italy shows that

Spain Overall victim	isation
Punitivity	Burglary
Burglar alarms	Robbery
Police performance	Drugs problems
Hate crim	nes

The graph for Spain shows that

Now, complete the following sentence starters to compare the country profiles:

1.	The country with the worst rate of hate crime is
2.	However, a close second is
3.	The country whose hate crime levels are exactly that of the EU average is
4.	The country with slightly below EU average hate crime levels is
5.	The country with the lowest hate crime levels is

**Source:** EUICS report, The Burden of Crime in the EU, A Comparative Analysis of the European Survey of Crime and Safety (EU ICS) 2005

www.europeansafetyobservatory.eu

